

SPORTING NEWS.

What Has Been Done by the Gun Clubs.

THE PRESERVATION OF GAME

Opening of the Trout Season—The First Day's Catch—The Annual Boxing Tournament—General Notes.

The late Legislature found time between boodie grabs to do one good thing for California, from a sportsman's standpoint. They adopted a combination bill, the principal sections of which prohibit the killing of deer of either sex anywhere in California during the next two years, and the killing of wild ducks between the dates of March 1 and September 1. The penalty for the violation of either of these laws is very severe, and as the leading gun clubs of the State were instrumental in bringing this state of affairs about it is necessary that they should see that the law is carried out to the letter.

Even the young hunters can remember the time when fine deer-hunting could be had at hundreds of points in California, but the law has been such a slipshod nature that this noble game has been driven to the most out-of-the-way spots of the State, and after that sports have to travel over miles of mountain roads and trails before they can find them, and even then there is so scarce that one may tramp for days without getting a shot.

Thousands of deer of both sexes have been slaughtered during the past few years by professional hunters for the hides alone, and the few who are left are being jerked down by a few more, up with a short turn. The gentlemen hunters who belong to the crack clubs of the State, have it in their power now to put up with a kind of thing, and if they do not do it deer hunting will soon become a thing of the past.

There are several strong clubs in Los Angeles, and it is well to see that every person who kills a deer during the next two years is prosecuted and sent to jail. The officers of the Recreation Gun Club are: E. E. White, president; E. K. Benchley, treasurer; E. W. Lusk, secretary. The membership is large and the club is wealthy, as it owns fine grounds at Balboa, where it has a house, a fine range and a cove constantly in attendance to take care of the place.

The Los Angeles Rod and Gun Club has for its officers: E. E. Meyer, president; J. Winston, treasurer; E. E. Marwell, secretary. The club is in a healthy condition, and is made up of men who will see that the new law is observed. It is a pity that the duck law was passed, for the ducks that remain in Southern California during this season breed here, and much damage is done by shooting them, as it tends to drive them away from the State.

Thousands of people get up a trap shoot in the near future, and a number of crack shots from outside places have promised to be on hand. This club is composed of some of the best fishermen on the coast, and their capacity for spinning yarns is up to the standard. Hon. W. Cardwell is said to be the champion, but his modesty keeps him in the background. The club is in a position to outside that the board of directors have adopted a new set of rules for the fishing wing of the club; one section of which states that no liquor will be allowed on the grounds.

THE KENNEL CLUB.
The Southern California Kennel Club was organized May 1, 1889, and was admitted to the American Kennel Club September 18 of the same year. The officers of the club are: J. F. Holbrook, president; C. E. Fout, vice-president; E. K. Benchley, secretary. The executive committee is composed of C. E. Fout, J. C. H. H. Preston, Tony Bright, H. T. Payne.

The third annual bench show will open on the 10th inst., and will run until the evening of the 14th. The kennel club is working most enthusiastically together, and the result will be one of the first shows ever seen on the Coast. All those intending to put their dogs in must be in the ring by 10 o'clock, on which day the list must positively close. When it is understood that the great dog man, John Davidson of Michigan, has been engaged to judge, and comes direct here after office at Chicago, it is a foregone conclusion that the best dog will win the blue ribbon, and there will be no favoritism.

TROUT FISHING.

A great deal of interest has been taken in the results of the first day's trout fishing of the season. A good many local fishermen departed for the San Gabriel, Santa Paula, and Sespe rivers last Tuesday evening in order to be on deck at the first break of day April 1.

The famous Trout Club has built a club house near the forks of the San Gabriel. The members of the club are Judges Clark, Wade, Varie, Councilman in Tufts, Mayor Hazard, Joe Wachtel, Walton, Cuzner, Stafford, Henry O'Malley and Billy Cordwell. A part of the club returned Friday and reported 231 as the first day's catch.

Osar Baer made a catch of twenty-six good-sized trout from Fish Creek. Fred Cooper of Wells-Fargo was exhibiting twenty-one speckled beauties Thursday, as the fruit of his skill in Santa Paula Creek. The late rains in the creeks in the Sespe region, of all the only matter, and the trout from there are entirely free from that petroleum taste that some seasons affects them.

ANNUAL BOXING TOURNAMENT.

The first annual boxing tournament of the Los Angeles Athletic Club, for the championship of 1891, will begin on the 14th of next month, and will last four days. It will be the most important event of the kind ever held Southern California, and will be the means of drawing a number of the northern clubs.

The following rules have been adopted: An annual boxing championship tournament shall be held either by the association or by any one of the associated clubs, in which the association may assign the name. The following weights and rules shall govern all boxing contests under the auspices of this association, or of any associated club.

First—Weights shall be: Feather, not exceeding 125 pounds; light, not exceeding 135 pounds; welter, not exceeding 145 pounds; middle, not exceeding 155 pounds; heavy, any weight. Competitors shall weigh on the day of competition (at some hour to be fixed by the association), in boxing costume, without gloves. Second—Competitors shall box in light boots or shoes (without spikes), or in socks, with knickerbockers, trousers, tight or trunks, and shirt (with or without sleeves), and boxing gloves of fair size and first quality.

Third—In all competitions the ring shall be roped, and of not less than sixteen feet or more than twenty-four feet square. The post shall be p-d-d.

Fourth—The association shall appoint a referee, two judges and two timekeepers. When the judges disagree the referee shall decide. All decisions shall be declared by the referee, and shall be final. None but the referee and the competitors shall be allowed in the ring during the rounds.

Fifth—In all competitions the number of rounds shall be four. The duration of each round shall be three minutes, and the interval between the rounds shall be one minute. When thought necessary, in order to reach a decision, an extra round, or rounds, may be ordered, in which case the interval between the extra round of rounds and the preceding round shall be three minutes. Should a glove burst or come off, it shall be replaced by the referee. Any tampering with the gloves by forcing the hair from the knuckles, or otherwise, shall be considered foul.

Sixth—Each competitor shall be entitled to the assistance of two seconds (not professional), who, during the rounds, shall not interfere, advise or direct the competitors; shall refrain from all offensive and irritating expressions, and in all respects conduct themselves with order and decorum.

Seventh—Where a competitor draws a bye, such competitor shall be bound to spar such bye for the specified number of rounds, and with such opponents as the judges of such competition may approve. If such opponent be chosen from among the previ-

ously-defeated competitors in the class, and he shall be adjudged the winner of the class, he shall be reinstated and eligible for further contest.

Eighth—During the competition, if either competitor be knocked down, fall through weakness or otherwise, he must be assisted, ten seconds being allowed him to do so. The referee meanwhile must stand between the competitors, and if the competitor fall he must come to the feet within the seconds allowed, he shall lose the bout. A competitor on one knee shall be considered down.

Ninth—If either competitor shall wilfully throw himself down without receiving a blow (whether blows shall previously have been exchanged or not), he shall be deemed to have lost.

Tenth—Any competitor voluntarily quitting the ring previous to the decision of the judges or referee, shall be deemed to have lost.

Eleventh—In all competitions the decision shall be given in favor of the competitor who displays the best style and obtains the greatest number of points. The points shall be given for "knock"—direct, clean hits with the knuckles of either hand on any part of the front or sides of the head, or on the body above the belt; for "defense"—guarding, dodging, counter-hitting, counter-punching, or getting away. Where the points are otherwise equal, consideration shall be given the man who does most of the leading. A competitor clinching to avoid punishment, shall forfeit points.

Twelfth—The referee may disqualify a competitor for delivering a foul blow, given intentionally or otherwise, and may also disqualify any competitor who is boxing unsuitably, by flicking or hitting with the open glove, by hitting with the inside or butt of the hand, the wrist or elbow, or butting or wrestling, or otherwise.

Thirteenth—In the event of any question arising not provided for in these rules, the judges and referee shall have full power to decide such question of interpretation of rule.

Fourteenth—In order that these competitions be conducted in an orderly manner, it is suggested that the referee should request all persons present to refrain, while a competition is in progress, from any loud expression or demonstration.

Fifteenth—Entries close May 15th.

NOTES.

Sam Tucker, the Parker gun man and splendid live-bird shot, is in the city. The next club cross-country run will take place next Sunday. The destination has not yet been announced.

With spring bicycling has taken a great impetus, the streets being filled morning and evening with pleasure riders and business men riding to and from the city center.

Phil Perenal says he will go in training for bicycle events on May 30; also that one of the Coast records will be broken at that time by an eastern racer, who is now at Monrovia.

Frost and Bassett of Pasadena made a run on their wheels to Santa Monica yesterday morning. They left Pasadena at 6:30 a. m. and had breakfast in Los Angeles. They made Santa Monica in an hour and 55 minutes.

Baseball is very quiet in Los Angeles and vicinity this spring, even the amateur clubs in the city are losing interest. The Athletic club club recently organized should challenge that champion organization, the Tufts-Lyon Arms Co. for a game.

The tennis clubs in and out of the city are booming, new clubs being organized on all sides. The Boyie Heights club has put in two new gravel courts enclosed with wire netting, and now rival the Los Angeles club in number and court accommodations.

Judge Hendricks is the president and one of their best players.

THE LOCKWOOD CASE.

One Charge Will Probably Be Dismissed. The Lockwood case will come up again this week in Department One. The case against the ex-city justice, wherein he is charged with harboring a fugitive from justice in the person of James M. Damon will probably be dismissed. The District Attorney has arrived at the conclusion that he can never convict Lockwood on that charge and it is therefore useless to put the case to further expense in the matter.

But on the charge—embezzling \$300 forfeited bail money—the District Attorney feels confident that he will be enabled to make a sure case this time. Before, one obstinate juror in the jury that saved Lockwood from the penitentiary.

As yet nothing has been heard from the commissioner who was appointed by Judge Smith to take the testimony of Thomas W. Morton in St. Louis. It is not at all probable that Morton is in St. Louis. It is believed that an attempt is being made to palm someone off as Morton, and have the jury swear that Lockwood returned to him the \$300 cash bail, and that he gave him a bond in lieu thereof. However, if this attempt is made it will surely fail, for the jury will be sure to be watched.

The District Attorney is taking every step possible to prevent any impostor being p-limed off as Morton.

It is possible that the case will have to be continued if nothing is heard from the commissioner who has been appointed to take Morton's testimony.

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

Mass-meeting at the First Presbyterian Church Yesterday. The Los Angeles Sunday-school institute, under auspices of the county society, opened in the First Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon with a grand mass-meeting, and will be in session all the week. The church was comfortably filled and a most interesting musical programme was carried out under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Cressy.

The main feature of the afternoon was a lecture on Sabbath-schools by Rev. Mr. Gilbert, one of the best Sunday-school organizers in the Union. He was introduced by Mr. Field and gave a brief history of the origin and growth of the Sabbath school. He traced it back to the early Jewish school, and showed that it was not founded by Christians, as is popularly supposed. He considers the school the most important branch of the church, for if proper ideas are instilled in the child's mind half the battle is won. He may wander from the church for a time, but with the Sunday-school training he will come back in after years and will be saved. If ministers have a live corps of teachers with them their work is much easier. He is a true believer in training schools, and thinks they should be located in public buildings in the business portion of the city, where all classes of children can be reached.

The institute will reconvene at 10 o'clock this morning, when the subject "The pastor and his school" will be discussed by Mr. Gilbert. All denominations are invited to attend.

Model Electric Plant.

J. S. Drake of this city is erecting an electric street-railway plant in Aurora, Ill., which is said to be one of the finest and most complete plants in any city in the country. The power-house, offices and waiting-room are illustrated in a recent number of the Street Railway Review and are criteria to copy. The plant is entirely new, from cross-ties to cross-ties, and cost in the neighborhood of \$400,000. As soon as it is entirely completed Mr. Drake will return to Los Angeles. He has been absent now for over a year.

WHY DO YOU COUGH?

Do you know that a little cough is a dangerous thing? Are you aware that it often fastens on the lungs and far too often runs into Consumption and ends in Death? People suffering from Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption will all tell you that

"IT STARTED WITH A COLD."

Can you afford to neglect it? Can you trifle with so serious a matter? Are you aware that

DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY

for Coughs, Colds and Consumption is beyond question the greatest of all Modern Remedies? It will stop a Cough in one night. It will check a Cold in a day. It will prevent Croup, relieve Asthma and cure Consumption if taken in time. "Yea," a 25 cent bottle may save you \$100 in Doctor's bills—may save your life! Ask your druggist for it, or write to W. H. HOOKER & Co., 46 West Broadway, New York, for book.

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HANCOCK BANNING,
Importer, 130 W. Second St.
Oak, Pine and Juniper wood sawed and split to order.

SOCIETY.

A PICNIC PARTY.

One day last week a jolly picnic party chartered a train over the Terminal road to Millard's C. Bon. They spent a pleasant day, and came home loaded down with wild flowers. The following ladies and gentlemen made up the party:

Louis Wilhelm, Miss K. Maney, B. Dresser, Mrs. B. Dresser, J. C. Johnson, Mrs. J. C. Johnson, Miss J. Johnson, A. Hoegge, Miss Julia Walsh, Charles F. Hoffman, Miss Rosie Bollinger, Miss M. Dresser, Arthur Grosser, Miss Martha Hartley, Mr. Schneider, Miss Schneider, Mr. Schneider, Cor. Connell, Mrs. C. Connell, Miss Katie Connell, W. Connell, J. Connell, Mr. Hartenstein, Mrs. Hartenstein, Mrs. Towbridge, Mrs. Denison, Miss E. Grosser, Miss Anna Grosser, E. M. May, J. Maney, A. Niemeyer, Miss Cecelia Maney, Miss El Nieman, Miss Nora Grosser, D. Kiefe, Miss M. Hartnett, Mrs. E. Maney, J. Lehigh, Mr. Sprout, Miss A. Meate, S. J. Gyzator, A. Hartley and others.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. Mary L. Donse returned from Ontario yesterday after a pleasant visit to relatives.

W. Schilling, who made a flying visit to his relatives and friends in this city, returns tonight to San Francisco.

Ramona Parlor is making active preparations for its grand ball, which is to be given at Turverin Hall the latter part of this month.

Thomas Donse and family leave for Boston this week. Mr. Donse has musical ability and will devote his attention to the study of the art.

Messrs. Frank Sabich, J. Bond Francisco and several other society young men yesterday spent the day at the Dominguez ranch as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Carson.

A reception will be tendered Judge Garret of the Supreme Court by the Sons of this city this week at the N. S. G. W. Hall. The Judge is past president of the order and will be royally entertained.

ROSE BUNCO CASE.

It is on the Calendar for Trial This Week.

The Rose bunco case is on the calendar for trial in Department One this week. This case has been hanging fire for nearly two years now. Rose was once convicted of the charge of buncoing ex-Congressman John B. Haskins. The penitentiary doors yawned to receive him. But he escaped. On technical grounds Judge W. A. Cheney granted him a new trial. Ever since then the case has been on the calendar in Department One. Rose has been out on bail. He has deserted Los Angeles, however, and is now devoting his peculiar talents to feeding people in the Puget Sound country.

Koppeledy Rose's trial has been continued from time to time. When it came up last time the prosecuting witness, Mr. Haskins, was here.

He had come on all the way from New York to testify. Rose's attorney came, though, and asked for a continuance. Upon a promise that they would surely go to trial if a continuance was given them that the case was continued.

The case is on the calendar for Wednesday. Rose arrived in the city from the north last evening, but whether Mr. Haskins will be on hand remains to be seen.

How who assisted Rose in playing the game, jumped his bond and fled. He is still at large. His bondsmen were Charles Weber and Frank Rose. The District Attorney has commenced an action against them to recover on the forfeited bond.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

What is Going on at the Armory—The Monthly Shoot.

Since Col. Schreiber has taken charge of the Second Regiment things are quite lively in and about the Armory. He has issued orders for battalion drill once in each week, which keeps the officers and men busy studying tactics.

On Tuesday, the 14th, the battalion here in the city will be inspected by Brigade Inspector Maj. James A. Drifill, at which time the public may have an opportunity of witnessing some fine drilling, both in company and battalion movements. The full regimental, commissioned and non-commissioned staff will be there in all their glory and fancy-trimmed uniforms, and the signal corps will show the Major how to send messages by the use of flags.

The full Seventh Regiment band will be inspected and favor the boys and the visiting public with some of their best music. The Colonel is making arrangements to have the "Company A" gun detachment on the floor and fire the "sunset gun" and the colors will be lowered the same as in camp. The bugle corps will also be on hand and blow the roughest of tunes.

The regiment, there has been a marked improvement and although it is rather hard work for the boys, they go at it with a will, and before long the Seventh will be looked up as a "crack regiment."

Yesterday was the monthly shoot, which was fairly attended. The scores were as follows:

Company A. (300 yards)—Sergt. Miles, 43; Private McCoy, 43; Lieut. Steere, 43; Lieut. Marten, 43; Corp. Arra-cort, 40; Private Haven, 39; Private Brockway, 38; Corp. Balder, 36; Corp. Hochdeffer, 36; Sergt. Bland, 36; Sergt. Lost, 36; Private Quandt, 34; Private Mitchell, 32; Private Williams, 31; Private Pearson, 30; Private Jean, 30; Private Wicks, 29; Private Miller, 19.

Company C (300 yds)—Lieut. Meyers, 42; Sergt. Crawford, 40; Sergt. Hartranft, 40; Sergt. Lindsey, 39; Corp. Arfons, 37; Corp. Tret, 37; Private Arnold, 36; Private Blackman, 30; Private Casey, 31; Private Messner, 31; Private Sale, 33; Private Summers, 37; Private Tracy, 33.

Five hundred yards—Lieut. Meyers, 32; Sergt. Crawford, 32; Private Arnold, 15; Sergt. Lindsey, 30.

Company F (300 yards)—Sergt. Anderson, 38.

Regimental staff—Adj. J. B. Franklin, 12.

On Friday night of last week the corporals of Company A were examined by Col. Schreiber and Lieut. Martin and Sergeants. The candidates were handled without gloves by the Colonel, and the boys all claim that he was too good on them. He got further and said that if every line officer in the regiment was compelled to take the same examination there would be but few officers left to drill the companies. But they have one consolation, and that is that the officers hereafter elected will be examined by the Colonel, and they can rest assured that he will do them justice. The following took the examination: Corp. Baldwin, Hoen-degger, Richardson and Danacott and will probably receive the appointments.

Company A is already at work making preparations for their annual social tournament, which will take place next month. There will be some very handsome prizes and plenty of them. The boys expect several of the great shots of the Pacific Coast here during the shoot. The company has another committee at work making preparations for another of their social entertainments.

Company F will give a social hop on April 10, which is to be an invitation affair, and Company C follows the last of the month with a musical event.

The Armory is open to visitors on all drill nights, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

NEW IMMIGRATION LAWS.

The amendment made by the last Congress to the immigration law, and relative to the importation of aliens under contract or agreement to perform labor, was put into effect on Wednesday last.

The amendment creates the office of Superintendent of Immigration, who is to be appointed by the President, with a salary of \$4000 per annum.

The new law makes it an offense for any steamship or transportation company to invite or encourage the immigration of any alien through agents, either by writing or printing, or by oral solicitation, except by ordinary commercial letters or advertisements, merely giving the sailing date of vessels and terms and facilities of transportation.

The amendment makes it an offense to encourage any alien to migrate to this country on the strength of any printed advertisements or circulars issued by writing or printing, or by oral solicitation, except by ordinary commercial letters or advertisements, merely giving the sailing date of vessels and terms and facilities of transportation. This does not apply to State immigration bureaus' offices.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The State Supreme Court will convene in this city this morning in regular session. The judges will sit in banc. The calendar is rather long one. It was printed in detail in THE TIMES two weeks ago this morning. Attorneys desiring copies of that issue containing the calendar can obtain them at the business office.

Deputy Clerk M. J. Ashmore has had the court room and the judges' chambers fitted and refurnished. They present a handsome and rejuvenated appearance now.

Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches and curing habitual constipation.

SEER MRS. DR. WELLS, who has for many years successfully practiced a giving prompt relief in female troubles, ovarian, nervous and mental diseases, even from first treatment. Electricity used when needed. Scores of testimonials and city references at offices, 219 "Clifton," 223 S. Broadway.

Pony Wagons and Pony Carts
At Hawley, King & Co's.

Bad Blood.

Impure or vitiated blood is nine times out of ten caused by some form of constipation or indigestion that clogs up the system, when the blood naturally becomes impregnated with the effete matter. The old Sarsaparilla attempt to reach this condition by attacking the blood with the drastic mineral "poison." Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla is modern. It goes to the seat of the trouble. It arouses the liver, kidneys and bowels and invigorates the circulation, and the impurities are quickly carried off through the natural channels.

Charles Lee, at Beams's Third and Market Sts., S. F., writes: "I took for a long time bad blood, and while on the first bottle became convinced of its merits, for I could feel it was working a change. It cleansed, purified and braced me up generally, and everything is now working full and regular."

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla

Sold by OFF & VAUGHN, the Druggists, northeast corner Fourth and Spring sts.

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This renowned man has had an immense practice covering a period of 25 years both in China and America. He locates diseases through the pulse, and never fails to effect a permanent cure. He has Chinese herbs and medicines for sale, prepared by himself. All are cordially invited to call.

Examination and Consultation Free.
And guarantees to cure Catarrh, Ringworm and Piles of long standing.

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April 18, 1891.
THE LANKERSHIM
RANCH, LAND AND WATER CO.,

FOR the purpose of closing up its affairs offer the balance of its assets, consisting of all unsold lands, 240 acres of land, which is subject to agreement to convey 1 hay team, 1 two-seated canopy-top spring wagon, 1 farm wagon, 1 hay rake, 1 road grader, 1 horse cut tractor, 1 stirring plow, 1 Discoid office safe, a 35x53 1/2 standing office desk and counter, 1 Weston office desk and an assortment of farming implements.

For Sale without Reserve on Saturday, April 18, 1891,
— AT —
213 SOUTH BROADWAY,
Potomac Block. Opposite City Hall.
Sale to Commence Promptly at 10 O'clock a. m.

TERMS OF SALE: For land, 20 per cent cash on fall of hammer, balance within five days of delivery of deed and certificate of title; other assets, cash.

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Or, THOMAS B. CLARK, Auctioneer, 232 W. Firstst.

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Choice Table Butter, a Specialty! Everything New!
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RECOMMENDATIONS
— GIVEN TO —
DR. WOHO,
The Celebrated Chinese Physician.

Unsolicted I wish to state for the public good the wonderful cure upon me made by Dr. Woho, the Chinese physician. For a long time I have suffered untold agony and tried all known remedies but failed. Dr. Woho was recommended to me and I tried him. Heat once, after feeling my pulse, pronounced my trouble to be a severe attack of one of his Chinese variety of kidney disease. He prescribed for me for about three weeks. Then I knew I was well man. Dr. Woho and his treatment are a success.

AXEL ME ANDER,
416 S. Main St.,
Los Angeles, Cal.

For eight months past my wife was a great sufferer from female troubles. For days at a time her pain was so severe that no rest could be obtained or sleep at night. Eventually I was forced to visit Dr. Woho, the Chinese physician. The doctor undertook to cure her and I now with grateful hearts we confess to a complete recovery in her case.

J. F. BURDICK,
February 6th, 1891.
Riverdale, Cal.

For quite a number of years I have been a great sufferer and paid out large sums of money for doctors and medicine. My disease was claimed by some to be Bright's disease, others said it was gravel but I could not find relief. I got worse and worse until my life was desperate. The treatment and operations to which I submitted were a failure. Finally at the request of a friend who had been cured by Dr. Woho, I consulted to

submit my case to his hands. The doctor seemed to know my trouble from the very first and told me he would entirely cure me within two months' time. In less than that period my strength came back, my general health was restored and ever since that I have been a well and happy man.

February 24, 1891
M. S. CRAIG,
Alameda St., near Jefferson St.,
Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. Woho was recommended to me by a friend. I had been troubled for years with indigestion, causing fearful headaches and vertigo, making my life one of misery. I tried and paid the best physicians without relief. Finally, to please my friend, I visited Dr. Woho at his office and he advised with me and gave me medicines. This was but six weeks ago. Today I can truthfully say I am entirely cured. I have not felt one symptom of my old trouble during the whole time. Dr. Woho is certainly a wonderful healer of the sick.

CHARLES HEILMANN,
April 2d, 1891.
331 Court St., L. A., Cal.

I have tried many doctors for heart disease but have derived no benefit until Dr. Woho, the Chinese physician, of Los Angeles City, prescribed for me. Two months ago I began his treatment and can now certify that he has done me great good. I recommend Dr. Woho to my friends as an able doctor.

P. E. KING,
Justice of the Peace,
Hurbank, Cal.

April 6th, 1891.

The remedies are purely herbs and roots which Dr. Woho has familiarized himself thoroughly with by a long practice in the Imperial hospital of China. Dr. Woho is the oldest and best-known Chinese physician in Southern California, and his cures have been remarkably especially in female troubles, tumors, etc. All diseases are treated by and through the pulse. Free consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. Woho at his office.

227 SOUTH MAIN ST.,
Between Second and Third sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

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THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Today the Grand Army of the Republic celebrates the twenty-fifth anniversary of its creation. Thirty years ago this month the first gun of the civil war was fired. It lasted four years, almost a day, and one year later this unique organization of veterans was formed, for patriotic and benevolent purposes, duties which it has well performed. The membership of the army varies from year to year. It now numbers nearly three-quarters of a million veterans in its ranks—in truth a grand army. The membership has now probably reached its maximum and may be expected to decline henceforth, for, while many of the veterans are still in the prime of life, a majority are well advanced in years, while the hardships of a long campaign, in addition to wounds received, have laid the seeds of ill-health in many frames which were once hardy and vigorous. A noteworthy feature of the organization is the absence of any provision for its perpetuation. When the last member dies, the Grand Army of the Republic will, with him, cease to exist. It will, however, be many years until then. Twenty-five years hence, when the army celebrates its semi-centennial, the youth of 18, who enlisted in the last year of the war, will be but 69 years of age. Out of so great a number there will doubtless be some hundreds of survivors at the seventy-fifth anniversary to light their battles off again, but long ere the hundredth anniversary of the civil war is celebrated the last of the actors in that great drama will have gone to join the greater army of the dead.

Besides the good work which the Grand Army has done in securing beneficial legislation, aiding its unfortunate members, providing for their widows and children, for the establishment of State homes for veterans, it has done the Nation a service which could have been accomplished in no other manner. It has kept alive the flame of patriotism in the land, a flame which would otherwise have been in danger of extinction as the great issues of the war become matters of history, not only to the rising generation, but to many who were living at the time but took no active part in the struggle and scarcely realized its full import. There is a lamentable tendency at the present day to gloss over the facts of that great controversy and the causes which led up to it. It is the fashion now-a-days to apologize for treason and to assume that rebellion is excusable. Against the spread of so false and dangerous a sentiment this organization of veterans, who fought and bled for so vital a principle, stands as a barrier, waving aloft, not the "bloody shirt," but the flag of the Union, indivisible and inseparable. To this mercenary generation of materialists and luxurious liars they are a reminder that an American citizen has other and higher duties than the getting of wealth. Their influence goes far to keep patriotism from degenerating into a thing of mere politics.

The civil war has become a reminiscence of the past. It is more than a quarter of a century since the last shot was fired. The country is peaceful and is prospering beyond the most rosy dreams of our fathers. The wearers of the blue and the gray meet in friendly intercourse at festive boards and sit side by side in legislative chambers. The hatchet has been buried, never, we trust, again to be resurrected. The veterans of the Grand Army entertain no rancorous feelings toward their former foes. On this, their anniversary, they could, with sincerity, drink to the health of the men who fought them, but—mark well—that toast would be accompanied by one of destruction to the cause for which those men fought, and to all who yet uphold it, either in public or in private. The line must be drawn here, and it is especially vital that it should be clearly drawn at this time, when there is so much evident tendency to coquette with treason. As long as the Nation exists, one great central fact must not, cannot, be lost sight of. It is this: The defenders of the Union were eternally right, and their opponents were eternally wrong. This granted, we may go forward, North and South and East and West, as one harmonious people; but as long as there is any question of this essential truth, either expressed or implied, we are but dancing and merry-making on the crater of a volcano, which is liable at any moment to burst into renewed activity.

May happiness crown the remaining years of the brave defenders of our country, to whom we owe a debt of gratitude that can never be fully repaid, even by a republic which has shown itself a living contradiction of the saying that republics are ungrateful.

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EUROPE'S DUMPING GROUND.

The immigration to this country of a class of people who are dubious, if not dangerous, continues to increase. Week before last the largest number of immigrants ever landed at the port of New York at this season of the year arrived there and successfully passed the Immigration Commissioners. There were nearly seven thousand of them and they were mainly Russians, Italians and Hungarians. The records at the large office indicate that this year will see the arrival of the largest number of European immigrants that ever came here. The increase so far is 30 per cent. over the immigration for the corresponding period last year. During that year the total number arriving in New York alone amounted to nearly three hundred and fifty-seven thousand. Of these more than one hundred thousand came from Russia, Poland and Hungary. Nearly sixty thousand came from Italy, while from England and Scotland there were 20,000 and from Ireland only 33,000.

The character of the immigration to this country is thus seen to be rapidly changing, and it is not changing for the better. In place of Germans, Scandinavians, Englishmen, Scotchmen and Irishmen, who formerly formed the bulk of the new arrivals, we are now recruiting our population mainly from the less intelligent peoples of Europe—the southern Italians, Hungarians and Poles—who seldom become thoroughly Americanized, but live apart by themselves like the Chinese, speaking their own language, adhering to their own customs and learning little of our laws or method of government. It is from this class of people that the ranks of rioters and anarchists are largely recruited. They form a constant menace to the integrity of the republic and the maintenance of a pure democratic form of government, for they lend a basis of truth to the arguments of those who are not at heart Republicans.

The new immigration law, which went into effect on the first of this month, is good as far as it goes, but it does not go far enough, and, moreover, it is greatly hampered in its working by the failure to make proper provision for the expense of carrying out its provisions. This question will be one of the most important that the next Congress will be called upon to deal with. The present international difficulty has stirred the people up on this question and it will not be permitted to sleep again until it is settled. The people demand that the United States shall cease to be a dumping ground for the offscourings of Europe. If this country is to continue to be an asylum for the oppressed of the world, let us at least have some say as to the character of those who shall be admitted to the asylum.

The latest census bulletin deals with the distribution of population in the United States by drainage basins. The following is a condensation of an elaborate table, showing the percentage of the total population of the principal drainage basins of the country for the years 1870, 1880 and 1890:

Divisions.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Atlantic Ocean.....	90.2	67.1	57.8
New England Coast.....	7.3	7.6	8.5
Middle Atlantic Coast.....	18.3	19.2	20.8
South Atlantic Coast.....	6.3	7.4	7.3
Great Lakes.....	11.2	10.7	11.0
Gulf of Mexico.....	52.7	52.2	50.2
Great Basin.....	0.4	0.4	0.3
Pacific Ocean.....	3.4	2.5	1.9

This is interesting, as showing at a glance the great increase in population of the Pacific Coast during the past twenty years, while other sections of the country have either receded in position or have remained stationary.

The time of passage across the Atlantic is gradually being shortened to an extent which would have been thought impossible twenty years ago. The Cunard Steamship Company, which appears determined not to let younger lines surpass it, has just contracted with a Clyde ship-building firm for two steamships, each of 14,000 tons, designed to cross the ocean in five days. Some day, competition will set in on the Pacific and bring California several days nearer to Japan and China.

The status of three of the four Italians killed at New Orleans, who were subjects of the King of Italy, has been discovered. One was a robber in Italy, while two were fugitive murderers, whose lives would have been forfeited had they returned to Palermo. Nothing is known of the fourth, but he was a very bad company. Such are the men over whom all this international fuss has been made.

We are threatened with the introduction of another questionable European innovation by means of some of the immigrants who are swarming into this country. The large number of Russian Jews flocking into Hamburg for emigration to America has caused a peculiar distemper to break out there, known as the Russian itch. Like so many other epidemic diseases,

it came originally from beyond the Caucasus, where baths are unknown, by way of Eastern Russia, where they are scarce. The United States can scarcely expect to escape having to add this to the other penalties which we pay for figuring as a refuge for the oppressed of the world. It might, however, be a good idea to add an extensive hot plunge to the other precautions of the immigrants' landing place at New York, and invite the haughty Italian counts, Russian grand dukes and Polish princes traveling incognito, to take a bath before they enter upon their duties as American citizens.

UNHEARD-OF AUDACITY.

At a meeting of the Council of Federated Trades in San Francisco on Friday, the following statement was made by Delegate Sullivan, in explanation of the trouble among the shoe-fitters. We quote from the report of the meeting in the Chronicle:

Buckingham & Hecht have tried to run their factory to suit themselves. They deal with the men and refuse to recognize the union. Although relations have been strained for some time past, it was a big firm and heavily backed that we were dealing with, and we did not wish to fight. Lately, a lot of the principal men in our league were discharged from the factory. The main trouble, however, was over a man named Spofford, who had been working about a month. A short time ago this man was put at work on a lasting machine. He went to the bosses and made arrangements to pay so much for the use of the machine, and run it on his own account. This was in direct violation of our league rules, and I was delegated to visit the firm and demand Spofford's discharge. This I did, and was refused. Then Spofford was appealed to to leave and promptly refused, so I called out from 25 to 300 men and boys in the factory. The girls still remain, although willing to come out if we wish them. The Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Union held a meeting today and will also meet tomorrow (Saturday) morning. We are threatened with a lock-out. A short time ago, as if we were to have a long fight on our hands, this statement speaks for itself. It needs no comment. A firm of manufacturers actually had the audacity to try to "run their factory to suit themselves." Such unspeakable presumption deserved a rebuke. It is only a wonder that the union did not order the factory to be blown up with dynamite. Perhaps that will come later, if the firm does not back down.

But how long are Americans going to stand this sort of thing? LOS ANGELES is seldom without a show of some sort, in addition to the regular theatrical performances. Scarcely is the great citrus fair over when we are called upon to assist at the opening of the flower festival, which commences today. This year it will be combined with an authors' carnival, thus making it more than usually attractive. When it comes to flowers, Los Angeles is *fratello princeps*.

THE note printed on this page in yesterday's issue, relative to small classified advertisements in THE TIMES, was incomplete. It should have read: The issue of today contains ten columns of this class of advertising, embracing about twenty-nine separate classifications, and four hundred different advertisements.

THE superiority of California oranges is clearly shown by the following item in the market report of a recent issue of the Kansas City Star:

Oranges have changed in price but little this week. The best from California, 60 cents a dozen, Mexican 35, Florida 30.

STATE AND COAST.

New Riverside has the street-paving fever.

Two men at San Diego caught a jewfish the other day weighing 276 pounds. Monrovia Messenger: Would our eastern readers believe us when we say that nearly five hundred calla lilies were used in decorating the M. E. Church here for Easter. "Tis a fact.

The name of the "State Hospital for the Insane in Southern California," to be built at San Bernardino, has been changed to the "Southern California State Asylum for the Insane and Inebriates."

The Pomona Times says: "The big walls of the China beet-sugar factory grow day by day. The plows are turning over the land, and hundreds of acres have already been planted. The work is going on steadily and rapidly and much money is being spent. The outlook is bright for the future, and prospect grow brighter daily."

CURRENT HUMOR.

It is more blessed to give than be given away.—[New York Recorder.]

The fact that riches have wings may be the reason that they enable a man to "fly high."—[Washington Post.]

"That was a mean thing Bronson's wife did." "What was it?" "Taught their little boy one of his father's poems, and now Bronson hears it all day long."—[New York Sun.]

Tommy—What sort of preachers are called "evangelists," pa?

Pa.—The kind we practice what they preach, my son.—[New York Herald.]

De Bull—A sudden turn of the market and is down-town whooping things up lively." De Bear—"Futuristicated with joy, I suppose." De Bull—"No; same old stuff."—[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

Jack Witherspoon—Really, Miss Rosebuddie, I don't know when I have had an hour pass so quickly. Miss Rosebuddie—Well, I suppose not, since you have only been here twenty minutes.—[Princeton Tiger.]

Caraway—Five years from now you won't find any liars at all among the Indians. Hooks—What makes you think so? Caraway—Why, by that time the Government won't allow what is left of them to retain even a mental reservation.—[Life.]

Small boy—Our history says that during the reign of Tiberius a man was put to death because he discovered how to make glass that wouldn't break. What did Tiberius do that for? Father (whose family burns kerosene)—I suppose Tiberius was a manufacturer of lamp chimneys.—[Good News.]

Wife—I wish you'd tell the nurse to wash baby's face and hands and put on his clean clothes.

Husband—Why, my dear, are you going to take the baby out this kind of weather?

Wife—No, darling, I thought I'd let him play with Fido a while.—[Brooklyn Life.]

First little bootblack: "Please, sir, gimme the job; I've got a little sick brother." Second little bootblack: "Let me shine 'em up. I'm that little sick brother he is talking about who is blind. I don't want to be under no obligations to such a liar as he is, and I can see better than he can, and he ain't got no brother in the first place."—[Texas Siftings.]

THE MAFIA MASSACRE.

Comments of the California Newspapers.

LESSONS OF THE INCIDENT

No Fear of Commercial Relations—State Rights—A Dangerous Class of Citizens—The Status of Aliens.

[San Francisco Examiner.]

Our esteemed contemporary, the *Popolo Romano*, launches the awful threat: "If we cannot obtain the solemn rights which one great people owes to another, we will at least allow ourselves the satisfaction of sending back the American vessels filled with wheat for our markets and returning to Yankee breeders their trichinous meat."

Perhaps, after all, this would be the best solution of the difficulty. Last year we exported to Italy 900,000 bushels of wheat, valued at \$900,000.00; 288 barrels of flour, worth \$1,243; 900,000 pounds of bacon, worth \$800,000.00; 900,000 pounds of fresh pork, worth 900,000.00, and 6028 pounds of ham, worth \$670. Total, 82 tons of wheat and pork product, valued at \$1,913. That would be enough to load a good-sized fishing smack, and if it would relieve Premier Rudini's feelings to send the cargo back to us, we ought not to grudge him the satisfaction.

Of course Italy would not object to our reciprocating by going elsewhere for the \$1,730,401 worth of argols, the \$187,419 worth of quinine, the \$1,800,555 worth of sulphur, the \$408,684 worth of rags, the \$1,948,238 worth of silk and silk manufactures, the \$123,395 worth of works of art, the \$298,443 worth of sumac, the \$102,289 worth of manufactures of hemp, flax and jute, the \$3,297,678 worth of lemons, the \$1,294,089 worth of oranges, the \$298,501 worth of preserved fruits, the \$552,348 worth of nuts, the \$875,062 worth of hats, bonnets, etc., the \$304,039 worth of iron ore, the \$285,870 worth of kid and leather gloves, the \$512,958 worth of marble, the \$380,910 worth of olive oil, the \$214,403 worth of cheese, the \$171,505 worth of soap, the \$112,828 worth of beans and peas and the \$171,478 worth of wine that we now buy from her producers. It would be the fact that we sold to Italy last year \$12,974,249 worth of goods of all kinds and bought from her \$30,380,051 worth be considered at all a pertinent circumstance in this connection.

STOMACH LOVE.

[Stockton Mail.] "My love for America is here," said a native of the sunny land yesterday, as he clapped his hand upon his abdomen, "but my love for Ee-Italy is here," placing his hand over his heart. A lingering regard for one's native country is natural, but it is not natural for a man to make a fool of himself about it. Such remarks as those quoted can do nobody any good in the present posture of affairs. Some American might be within hearing who entertained the same misconceived notion of propriety, and the impending war might be precipitated on the spot.

THE QUESTION OF STATE RIGHTS.

[San Diego Sun.] Oddly enough the Italian embroglio is likely to test the historical theories of government held by the Republicans and Democratic parties and to justify in a large sense the Republican plan of nationality. Ever since Alexander Hamilton and Thomas Jefferson took opposing constitutional sides, the two great parties have divided opinion as to the wisdom of the centralized or the decentralized form of government. The Republicans contend that the people should not be a Nation without bestowing more power upon the general and less upon the State government; and the Democrats hold that the true policy is to enlarge State authority and decrease the scope and strength of the Federal jurisdiction. The war which the dispute caused did not bring an entire solution of the problem as is made clear today by the logic of the Italian diplomacy. Here is a case where the United States has bound itself as a nation to protect Italian subjects resident in this country from the violence of the mob, while the Italian government in this country is bound to wait the pleasure of a State and its judicial system before it can even reply to the demand of the outraged foreign government for reparation and for the arrest of the known and self-confessed offenders against treaty rights. That is to say the United States is a Nation to make treaties and a federation of irresponsible local governments to break them—a condition which cannot be understood by an outraged foreign government and which leaves the United States as a Nation unable to fulfill its treaty obligations yet liable to punishment under every code of international law for not doing so. There is nothing but weakness and danger in such a political system and the Democrats, with their exalted notions about State authority, are primarily to blame for it. It is a condition which ties the national hands behind the back when the State most needs the free use of them.

SUNSHINE CITIZENS.

[Sacramento Bee.] Dr. Volini of Chicago says that, in the event of war, most of the Italians in the United States would return to Italy. If the Italians who talk so are naturalized citizens of the United States, the sooner they get out of this country, war or no war, the more agreeable will it be for all concerned. This Nation does not want any sunshine citizens, who would take all the blessings and benefits of this free country, and then stab it in the back in the hour of its trouble.

ITALIAN HOTEL-KEEPERS WILL SUFFER.

[Oakland Tribune.] The Italian hotel-keeper, who is an influential and numerous personage in his own country, will be made happy by the scare which his charming compatriots of the Mafia have succeeded in producing among American tourists, who have been a mine of gold to the winter resorts of that country. Americans should spend the winter in California, where there is no Mafia and a better climate than Italy dares to brag of.

THE STATUS OF ALIENS.

[San Francisco Chronicle.] This flurry will do much to induce Congress to legislate upon the status of aliens in the United States. As matters are now they are, to all intents and purposes, citizens as long as everything goes right, but aliens with right to appeal to a foreign country, when any trouble arises. Congress should oblige them to be one thing or the other, and then the people of the United States can know upon what terms to deal with them.

ITALY SHOULD LOOK AT HOME.

[Oakland Times.] So far as the accusation goes that the United States is not strong enough to

punish crimes within her borders, we would advise Italy to look at home before going abroad to condemn offenses against life and property. It is well known that for years past the trade of brigandage has been openly practiced in Italy, and that the crimes of these miscreants were and are notoriously secret societies, having murder and robbery for their objects, and when they terrorize American officers and put themselves outside the pale of the law, they will be treated as outlaws—as Americans would, under the same circumstances. The assertion of this fact should be precisely as much satisfaction as Italy should get in the Mafia matter.

WE MUST HAVE A NAVY.

[San Francisco Post.] The building of a navy has gone on too slowly. The tariff on sugar was taken off by the last Congress to reduce the revenue of the country \$50,000,000 a year. The treasury was getting choked with the surplus. It would have been a great deal wiser to have spent \$50,000,000 a year for five years on a navy and allowed the tariff on sugar to remain. The United States must have a navy equal to that or superior to that of any other country in the world. Its cost is simply an insurance against war, and if war comes, which is most unlikely if we have a navy properly prepared for it, we would not be in the pitiful and defenseless condition in which we now find ourselves.

A DANGEROUS ELEMENT.

[Sacramento Record-Union.] The affair of Baron Fava, which will neither lead to war nor to serious trouble, will serve one good end, however much it may complicate for a short time our relations with Italy—to arouse Americans to a realization of the dangerous tendency of a large proportion of our foreign population; to show that we have in our midst a very considerable number of people of widely differing natures who have sworn allegiance to the United States of America, but who have done so with mental reservation in favor of the land of their nativity.

A MISPLACED HOPE.

[San Francisco Bulletin.] When there was danger of a collision with Germany, and the action of the warlike drama was confined to a distant isle in the Pacific, with which communication was tedious, our German fellow-citizens took advantage of the isolation which occurred to declare, at various points, that their allegiance was due, first, to their adopted country, where they had prospered, and that come what may, they would be found rallying around its flag. Perhaps in the case of the Italians we shall now be treated to another evidence that we are not throwing away citizenship. There can be no such thing as a divided allegiance. The adopted, as well as the native, citizen is expected to stand by his country.

PUBLICATION OF THE LAWS.

LOS ANGELES, April 4, 1891.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] It is related of a tyrant of some country, in ancient times, that he caused his laws to be written in small characters and then posted at the top of a very high monument, so that the populace could not read them; but he punished his people for not obeying them, all the same as if they had been painted in large letters and set up where everybody could read them. As with the aforesaid tyrant, so with the State of California, great pains are taken to make knowledge of the laws away from the people, while everybody is expected to obey them.

It will be weeks, if not months, before a person can ascertain what has been done in the way of legislation at Sacramento during the session just ended, and the great mass of the people will not be able to find out what was done, before the next Legislature meets, two years hence. It seems never to have occurred to the wise people up there, that it was necessary to do anything more than to enact the laws; or that it was at all desirable that the people should be informed as to what the laws are. They are expected, however, to obey the laws, even if they cannot be read.

The State—that is, the people of the State—support a large printing establishment at Sacramento, and at great expense; but it appears to be no part of the business of that costly concern to have the laws in such form that the people can get hold of them. Much printing is done there, and paid for, but it is not for the people.

The citizen, perhaps, learns by chance that a bill on a certain subject, in which he takes an interest, is passed, and he wishes to ascertain the terms of it. He finds out by inquiry or correspondence, and after much delay, that by forwarding several dollars, four, we think it is, to a certain State official, namely, the Secretary of State, he will get in return a copy of the session laws. For this favor, of course, the citizen is duly thankful, for the law he must have, regardless of cost. It might be cheaper, or it might not, to obtain a certified copy of the particular law he desires from the records of the State department.

This is all ridiculously wrong. If this great commonwealth would not pursue the policy of the tyrant referred to, it should print for free distribution, or for sale at a low price, a large and cheap edition of the session laws. The volume should be afforded to the people at one-tenth of the present price, and then the State would save money by the operation.

As an abstract proposition one might suppose that the people have a right to know what their representatives have been doing; but no such right is recognized in this State, and no effort whatever has been made to bring the laws within the reach of the "common herd." Was the last Legislature ashamed of its work that it should try to conceal it? Would they not, on the other hand, have sought to promulgate information touching their work, had they been proud of it, or possessed reason to be proud of it? A faithful servant is always anxious that his master shall know what has been done by him, but there is no such motive on the part of the unfaithful servant; on the contrary, he will try to hide from his employer the results of his mispent time.

Abandoned New England Farms.

[New York Sun.] The growth of manufactures, the tendency of population toward cities and the opening of immense areas of new land in the West, have affected remarkably some of the country towns of New England. Many of them remain stationary in point of population, some are even retrograding. In many parts of New England, especially in New Hampshire and Vermont, deserted farms and farm buildings are not uncommon; and a department of abandoned farms is likely to become a necessity in several of the New England States.

Horace G. Wallin, chief of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics of

Labor, has reprinted from its last annual report an account of the abandoned farms of Massachusetts. It appears that there were in the State in 1890 128,600 acres of abandoned farm land, having an assessed value of \$1,074,328. This is 3.45 per cent. of the farm land of the State, but only 1.15 per cent. of its value. A farm is not a corner lot in Paradise, nor is a farmer necessarily any greater, healthier or more independent than men in other business. If he can make a better living in some other way, he does well to give up his farm; and if the soil is so poor that he can't sell, he is justified in ceasing to cultivate it. We don't see that agriculture in Massachusetts is not in pretty good condition, even if there are 1,461 farms on which there is no farming.

Soft Sits for Solons.

[San Francisco Call, April 2.] Now that the Legislature has adjourned those who went from this city as Assemblymen have, of course, returned, and arrangements are being made to squeeze them into municipal stalls that they may continue to feed at the public crib.

It has been understood since the election that Assemblyman Wentworth would be chief assistant in the City and County Attorney's office. This place has been temporarily filled by Larry Welch, Joseph Windrow, John Glynn and Thomas Tully will probably bid berths in the County Clerk's office, and Michael Coffey, James Daly and George Williams have been provided for in the Sheriff's office in the Registrar Brown also appointed. George Lewis his chief assistant yesterday.

This makes eight Assemblymen out of the twenty from this city that have been provided for. It is rumored that this turn of events was not counted upon in all cases when these several officials made their appointments, hence no provision was made for it. But it is understood that Mr. Crimmins pledged himself to six of the gentlemen named, and in order that the goodmay be delivered according to contract some of the present deputies will have to be displaced. Just who the unlucky ones are has not yet been announced.

An Audience of One.

[Chambers Journal.] Charles Matthews was wont to take things as they came. He played to an audience of one, he said he to a friend. "I was in the Sandwich Islands," he advertised the play to commence at 2 o'clock. I had the scene set, and as I make it a rule never to disappoint the public, I determined to go on with the show. I came on and bowed to the first man, who, in a white hat, was seated in the stalls. He returned my salute with becoming solemnity. I went through the entire first act of "A Game of Speculation," and that man of color never once smiled—he never changed his position. At one time I was nearly sending the prompter off to feel him to see if he were alive. I lowered the curtain on the second act, and he was, like the House of Commons, "still sitting." I felt bound in honor to reward persistency of this kind, and I gave him the third act, gag and all. A quarter of an hour after my colored friend was still in the same attitude, so I went round and told him the show was over. He shook hands with me and smiled, and asked me what it was all about."

What Made It Explode?

[Redlands Cicerone.] On Saturday E. B. Waite took hold of a lamp in his room to move it, and had scarcely raised it before it exploded with a loud report, shattering the globe, chimney and shade into fragments. One of the gas pipes made quite a severe cut on his thumb. The curious feature about the explosion is that the lamp had not been lighted for six weeks, it being last in use during Mr. Waite's illness on a night when two of the boys took care of him. There was also an empty bottle on the table, the contents of which the said boys claim must have evaporated, and the query is whether there is any connection between the empty bottle and the explosion. At any rate there has been considerable gas generated somewhere, and Mr. Waite says he will hereafter lariat his lamps when he desires to move them.

A California Story.

[The Continent.] "Talking about professional identifiers," said an old "Forty-niner" from California the other day, "reminds me of the poor fellow who was accidentally killed in our camp at 'Red-eye' way along in the fifties. Women began to arrive from 'Frisco in the course of a few weeks after the dead man was planted in the earth, and four of them successively identified the remains as those of their respective husbands. Finally the boys became weary of exhuming the corpse, and posted up a notice to this effect: 'Here lies Bill Grover; if any person disturb the bones he will have to occupy the same grave.' There were no further identifiers."

A Freak of Nature.

TO SNUB THE FAIR.

French Artists May Not Send Pictures to Chicago.

Carnot's Trip to Moscow Given Up Owing to War Talk.

Lively Scenes at a Parnell Gathering in Dublin.

Only One European Survives the Massacre in India—Serious Financial Crisis Impending in Italy—Notes.

By Telegram to The Times.

PARIS, April 5.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] If Chicago expects to get the best work of leading French artists for the World's Fair a better guarantee than any yet given at the American exhibitions must be given. Benjamin Constant says he is not inclined to send other pictures than those already in the United States. Bougerau, whose opinion is very weighty, he being president of the Society of Arts, says that while he is most kindly disposed toward art movements in America, it is too great a risk to expose valuable works to such a long absence when it is difficult to get redress in the event of irregularities.

THE FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE. President Carnot will not visit the Moscow exhibition although he received a cordial invitation to be present. A high personage in the Russian imperial council is opposed to the taking of any steps that might appear to confirm the current alarmist rumors, and it is for this reason that the President has decided not to attend the exhibition. At the foreign office here no credit is given to the reports circulated in London and Berlin regarding the Czar's alleged intention to precipitate a war. It is understood that the entente with France has been arranged for the purposes of defense at the present time and for offensive operations in the more remote future. In the meantime the Czar devotes his energies to the remodeling of the international administration of the empire. Much must be done internally, before Russia will be prepared to force a great European conflict.

RESULT OF THE MINERS' CONGRESS. The first result of the miners' congress has been a declaration by Belgian miners today in favor of a general strike, if the government refuses to assent to a revision of the constitution.

ACTIVE CHILIAN SYMPATHIZERS. A convulsion of Chiliana and supporters of the Chilean insurgents meets in secrecy at the Grand Hotel. The meetings are presided over by a Chilean banker. Frequent cable dispatches are received announcing that the cause of the insurgents is succeeding. To purchase and dispatch arms and munitions through the most secret English channels is the chief work of the group.

SIBERIAN RAILWAY. A number of French capitalists have made an offer to the Russian government to build a Siberian railway from Tcheliabinsk to Vladivostok, a distance of 7,198 versts, receiving payment either in railway bonds or by the loan of 300,000,000 roubles.

BOULANGER AT BRUSSELS. Gen. Boulanger has taken a palatial residence in the Quartier Leopold, in Brussels. He appears to be plentifully supplied with money.

PARNELL AGAIN HEARD.

He Assails the Liberals at a Dublin Mass Meeting.

DUBLIN, April 5.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Notwithstanding a steady downpour of rain 2000 persons assembled in Phoenix Park today to assist in the demonstration of the Amnesty Association and protest against the continued imprisonment and alleged inhuman treatment of the Irish and Irish-American political prisoners by the British government. After speeches by Kenny, Parnell and others, resolutions were passed calling upon Irishmen at home and abroad to put forth every effort to secure the release of their friends, and demanding that the government hasten the unconditional surrender of the prisoners. Parnell's speech was a tirade against the Liberals. "Why," he asked, "did Gladstone release these prisoners in 1867? He [Gladstone] did not hesitate to stoop to ascertain the opinions of dynamiters as to whether they would accept his Home Rule Bill, and even went so far as to receive some of these people at Hawarden."

Here a voice exclaimed, "Why did not you make conditions?" while cries of "Kill him!" "Lynch him!" were raised.

In reply Parnell declared that the Irish party never made conditions with the government. The prisoners, he said, would rather rot in jail than accept anything but unconditional release.

NOTES FROM ABROAD.

A Serious Financial Crisis Pending in Italy.

PARIS, April 5.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The failures of Corradini of Leghorn, the Ancona Sugar Refining Company and the Laverello Steamship Company of Genoa have not affected French houses. The deficit of the Corradini and Ancona sugar refineries represented a total of £1,000,000, part of which consists of uncovered balances amounting to £200,000 due to London firms. Two of the Leghorn firms involved, those of Mavrocordato and Rodocanachi, will obtain a private settlement. The Laverellos have obtained an extension of time in which to recover. The Bank of Leghorn has been shaken and its position is doubtful.

A general acute financial crisis in Italy can only be avoided by economy and prosperity within and without for a prolonged period to come.

CANNOT FIGHT A DUEL.

BUCHAREST, April 5.—The King of Roumania has refused to accept the resignation of Vacaresco, as minister at Vienna. Vacaresco offered his resignation in order to challenge the Prince of Reuss, German ambassador to Austria, for an affront which the latter's wife recently offered to the son of the Roumanian minister at a ball given at the German embassy at the Austrian capital.

DEAD COMMUNISTS HONORED.

PARIS, April 5.—The German delegates to the miners' congress marched in a procession today to the Cemetery

Pere la Chaise and placed upon the graves of the Communists wreaths inscribed "To our brethren who fell in 1871." Several addresses were made, in which the speakers declared that on returning home they would do their best to abolish the Chauvinist spirit in Germany, which, they said, did not exist among the organized workmen of that country.

THE DREIBUND RENEWED.

BERLIN, April 5.—It is reported from Home on competent authority that the renewal of the Dreibund is an accomplished fact, but the treaty has not been published.

THE ONLY SURVIVOR.

CALCUTTA, April 5.—A dispatch has been received from Lieut. Grant in which he says he believes he is the only European that escaped the recent massacre in the province of Assam.

SOFIA ASSASSIN CAPTURED.

SOFIA, April 5.—It is officially announced that the assassins of Minister Balcheff have been arrested.

GERMANY GIVING UP AFRICA.

LONDON, April 5.—Gen. Caprivi, German Chancellor, has notified Salisbury, British Prime Minister, that Germany will abandon Southwest Africa unless the Anglo-German syndicate succeeds in raising the proposed capital. It is doubtful whether the sum required can be secured.

A CHANCE FOR BLAINE.

Canada's Delegation Ready to Confer with Him.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries; Foster, Minister of Finance; John Thompson, Minister of Justice, and Mr. Chipman reached Washington late tonight. The visiting ministers will call by appointment upon Secretary Blaine tomorrow and informally discuss with him these propositions: First—The renewal of the reciprocity treaty of 1854, with such modifications as will suit the altered circumstances of both countries. Second—Reconsideration of the treaty of 1888 with respect to the Atlantic fisheries, with the aim of securing free admission into the United States markets of Canadian fishery products in return for facilities to be granted to United States fishermen to buy bait and supplies, and to transship cargoes in Canada, all such privileges to be mutual.

Third—The protection of the mackerel and other fisheries of the Atlantic Ocean and inland waters. Fourth—Relaxation of the seaboard inland coasting laws of the two countries. Fifth—Mutual salvage and saving of wrecked vessels. Sixth—Arrangements for settling the boundary between Canada and this country.

AN ANARCHIST'S FUNERAL.

Herr Most Seizes the Opportunity to Make a Speech.

PITTSBURGH, April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] In an undertaking room in this city, surrounded by evidence of wealth, in the presence of nearly one thousand persons, the obsequies of the Anarchist, Joseph Frick, took place this afternoon. Johann Most delivered an eulogy and took advantage of the occasion to make a speech for anarchy. The dead man was attired in black. A blood red scarf encircled his throat and a blood red rose was pinned to his coat lapel. Around the foot of the bier floated the folds of the carmine Anarchist flag. The rests beneath the casket were draped with bunting of the same sanguinary hue.

BRUTAL MURDER.

A Colored Pugilist Kills His Wife with a Hatchet.

JERSEY CITY (N. J.), April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] Edward Hollinger, better known as "Big Hollinger," the colored pugilist, this morning forced himself into the room where his wife and two children were in bed, and brutally murdered his wife by beating her head and face again and again with a hatchet. Hollinger then tried to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a knife, but he only succeeded in severely wounding himself, when he was arrested. Her refusal to live with him on account of cruel treatment caused the tragedy.

CONSPIRATORS FOLLOD.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Inspector Byrnes's detective today arrested five conspirators who are charged with having plotted to gain possession of the great estate left by the millionaire leather merchant, Loring A. Robinson. The method said to have been employed, was to foist a fraudulent widow upon the estate in the person of Cassie Brooks. The prisoners are the Brooks woman, Lawyer Byron Cohen, James Daskam, a speculator of Stamford, Ct., Edward L. Studwell and a Mrs. West.

A SAVINGS BANK IN TROUBLE.

PITTSFIELD (Mass.), April 5.—Bank Commissioner Chapin announced to the trustees of the Stockbridge Savings Bank, Friday, that he had decided to put the bank into the hands of a receiver. They asked for time, and that action be delayed until Monday. Poor loans, aggregating \$40,000 and Willis's default of \$29,000, are what necessitated this step. Willis's bond, however, will undoubtedly make good the default. The poor loan losses cannot be made good. The depositors will probably lose 25 per cent.

DISASTROUS BLAZE AT LOWELL, MASS.

LOWELL (Mass.), April 5.—The worst fire Lowell has had in many years occurred this afternoon. A boy set fire to a box of waste paper, back of Edison's block, and the fire dropped into H. C. Church & Sons's cellar. It spread rapidly, and the Edison block was soon a complete wreck, and the Masonic Temple adjoining was badly damaged. The total losses aggregate \$85,000. The public library, with 41,000 volumes, located on the second floor of the Masonic Temple, was badly damaged.

BURNED TO DEATH.

ROCHESTER (Pa.), April 5.—A large frame structure belonging to John F. Smith, the upper portion being used as a residence by E. J. Keene and an Italian family, burned late tonight. Four persons lost their lives. One body was recovered. Six persons are still missing.

A YOUTHFUL THIEF.

ATLANTA (Ga.), April 5.—Andrew Nolan, a 10-year-old boy, has been arrested for stealing \$11,000 in bank checks from the postoffice.

A FREEZE IN MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, (Miss.), April 5.—The mercury here last night went down to the freezing point and materially damaged tender vegetation of all kinds.

A BLOODY AFFAIR.

A Feud between Two Italian Women Ends in Murder.

CHICAGO, April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] A murderous fight, the result of a long-standing feud between two Italian women, Mrs. Jesso Gallo and Mrs. Congetto Vailone, occurred tonight in a State-street tenement house. Mrs. Vailone called on Mrs. Gallo, on invitation of the latter, to settle matters amicably. As Mrs. Vailone was taking off her shawl, Mrs. Gallo locked the door, placed the key in her pocket, went to a closet, secured a large butcher knife and then coolly informed her visitor that she had invited her for the purpose of settling the trouble in true Italian fashion. Mrs. Vailone attempted to escape, but her frenzied assailant pitilessly bore her down upon the floor. Fourteen times the Gallo woman plunged the keen blade into her victim's neck, face and body, and only desisted in her bloody work apparently from sheer exhaustion. Furniture was overturned and broken, and the walls and ceiling spattered with blood.

The police at this juncture broke open the doors, and as the officers approached, Mrs. Gallo rushed upon them with the bloody knife still clenched tightly in her hand. A fierce struggle ensued, but the desperate woman was overpowered and the victim taken to the hospital. Mrs. Vailone cannot recover. Mrs. Gallo was held without bail.

THE CLEARING HOUSE.

A Comparison with Last Year for the Principal Centers.

BOSTON, April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] The clearing-house statement for the past week, with the per cent of increase and decrease over the same period last year, is as follows:

City.	Amount.	Per cent.
New York.....	\$477,159,000	16.9
Boston.....	84,712,000	9.8
Chicago.....	75,843,000	0.0
Philadelphia.....	58,303,000	18.2
St. Louis.....	20,360,000	6.5
San Francisco.....	10,181,000	6.9
Baltimore.....	15,647,000	7.6
New Orleans.....	11,921,000	49.9
Cincinnati.....	12,248,000	0.5
Pittsburgh.....	11,157,000	22.7
Omaha.....	3,699,000	25.8
Denver.....	4,235,000	27.5
St. Paul.....	3,467,000	8.4
Minneapolis.....	5,684,000	82.4
Galveston.....	5,073,000	301.7
Portland (Or.).....	1,924,000	7.0
Seattle.....	1,121,000	6.3
Tacoma.....	994,645	13.3
Los Angeles.....	679,390	1.0
Salt Lake.....	1,510,000	19.6
Total for principal cities in the United States and Canada.....	\$906,819,981	Decrease 9.9 per cent, as compared with corresponding week last year.

FIRE AT WOODLAND.

Several Business Firms Sustain Severe Losses.

WOODLAND, April 5.—[By the Associated Press.] At 2 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Olinger's candy kitchen, completely destroying the stock and building. Stocks of goods in adjoining buildings belonging to Theodore Muegge, G. M. Greene, J. Winneger and B. M. Miller are badly damaged by smoke. That of B. M. Miller, who opened a dry goods business a few days since, is almost a total loss. Nearly every firm carries some insurance.

This is the third disastrous fire that has occurred in this block. The total will amount to \$8,000.

TICKET SCALPERS ARRESTED.

DENVER, (Colo.), April 5.—Six ticket scalpers have been arrested and charged with forgery. Several days ago four tickets were purchased at Colorado Springs for Boulder. On Friday one of the tickets was presented to a Union Pacific conductor with the name Boulder changed to Ogden. The railways claim that considerable of this work has been done. The prisoners were released on \$500 bonds each.



Stop taking Cathartic (purging) Pills and Mercurial Remedies and use CALIFORNIA FRUIT SYRUP, which is composed of pure herbs and fruit. It does not purge or grip, or sicken the stomach, and is palatable.

California Fruit Syrup cures Habitual Constipation, Piles, Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache, Biliousness and all derangements of the stomach.

It purifies the blood and expels Fevers and Colds.

California Fruit Syrup is a Family Remedy equally useful for men, women and children.

California Fruit Syrup tones up the lotions, increases the secretions, which in turn facilitates digestion and relieves Constipation.

Sold in bottles, 50c and \$1, by all leading druggists, or at the branch office of the CALIFORNIA FRUIT SYRUP CO., Room 8, 214 W. First St., Los Angeles, Cal.

If your local druggist does not keep it get it at the Office as above, and if it does not benefit you, after taking half a bottle, your money will be returned on your bringing the remaining half bottle back to the office.

Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FRUIT SYRUP CO.,

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Testimonials from the best families in the city can be seen at the office.

Up to the 14th of April a full-sized 50c bottle will be sent to the office of any Physician in town on written application, free of charge, to show the merits of this remedy.

Country Physicians can get a similar bottle free by payment of expressage.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef.

INCOMPARABLE IN FLAVOR.

Use it for Beef Tea, Soups, Sauces, (Game, Fish, etc.) Aspic, or Meat Jelly.

One pound of Extract of Beef equal to forty pounds of lean beef. GENUINE only with signature of J. von Liebig, as shown above, in blue.

NO VISITOR

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Should Fail to Visit the

HOTEL DEL CORONADO.

It will be found to be a Paragon of Perfection. The Magnificent Building, its Elegant Equipments, the great variety of Amusements, both indoors and out, the

Balmy, Genial Atmosphere,

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Mineral Water,

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Southern California's leading

Specialist for all PRI-

VATE, NERVOUS and

CHRONIC diseases of men

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GONORRHEA, GLEET,

STRICTURE, SKIN DIS-

EASES, SPERMATOR-

RHEA, PROSTADITIS,

BLADDER, SEXUAL

DEBILITY, ORGASMS,

VARICOSE, CULERS,

NERVOUS DRIBBLY,

SEXUAL DISEASES OF

LADIES treated SKILL-

FULLY, SCIENTIFICALLY

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MEDICINES prepared in

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EXPOSURE. BOTH SEXES consult in con-

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terrible results of youthful ignorance at-

tend to your case now. Medicines are

dangerous. That nervousness, pain in

the back, feeling in morning weakness,

aversion to society, dizziness, and sexual

exhaustion, rapidly disappear under Dr. White's

superior treatment. BLOOD PURIFIERS

cured for life, without mercury. Patients re-

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183 NORTH MAIN ST.,

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THE BEST 4 BURNER

GASOLINE STOVE

with oven, \$16.00

REFRIGERATORS

and Ice Boxes \$5.00

and upward.

A No. 7 Five hole

RANGE \$10.00

Also a full line

of First Class

HOUSEFURNISHING

goods constantly

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136 So. MAIN ST.

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COOK'S

Select Conducted Parties

TO EUROPE.

Leaving May 6th, May 23d, June 6th, June

17th, June 24th, etc. Every thing in first class.

TICKETS FOR INDEPENDENT TRAVEL

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Available for one or more persons, any day,

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AWNINGS, FLAGS, TRUCK, HAY AND

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WE guarantee a perfect fit, original

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One of the safest and most convenient places in the city of Los Angeles for the deposit and storage of valuables, is in our fireproof vaults. Our drawers, watches, boxes, trunks, and other valuable packages, may be put in our fireproof vaults. Our Fireproof Vault has twelve locks. These vaults also will contain upward of a thousand small iron safes, 16 to 20 each, only the renter, who holds all the keys, being able to enter them. They are rented by the hundred, of the safe, strong, fireproof, and strangers.

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With Citizens' Bank, cor. Third and Spring sts. Los Angeles, Cal.

Security Savings Bank -- Capital, \$200,000.

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The notice of the public is called to the fact that this bank has the largest paid-up capital of any savings bank in Southern California, and our loans money on approved real-estate security; that among its stockholders are some of the oldest and most responsible citizens of the community; that, under the State law, the private estates of its stockholders are protected; that the total indebtedness of the bank is small; that it is convenient to transact its main loans, insure a safe depository for saving accounts, School teachers, clerks, mechanics, employes in factories and shops, laborers, etc., will find it convenient to deposit in small amounts. CHILDREN'S SAVINGS DEPOSITS received in sums of 25 cents and upward. Remittances may be sent by draft or Wells, Fargo & Co's. Express.

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CAPITAL STOCK \$200,000.

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Five-Cent Deposit Savings issued at street in different parts of the city.

Money to loan on mortgages. Bonds and dividend-paying stocks bought and sold.

This bank is authorized by its charter to pay interest on deposits.

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INCREASE OF TOTAL RESOURCES:

January 1st, 1890	\$ 113,871.37
April 1st, 1890	191,715.92
July 1st, 1890	287,711.96
October 1st, 1890	324,441.96

March 5th, 1891. 4.0842 19

GERMAN-AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 114 SOUTH MAIN STREET. \$100,000.

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SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NATIONAL BANK.	FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK OF LOS ANGELES, CAL.
RADEAU BLOCK, Cor. First and Spring Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.	Capital paid up.....\$500,000 Surplus and profits.....\$45,000
L. N. BREED, President. W. F. BORSYRELL, Vice-President. C. N. FLINT, Cashier.	Total.....\$1,145,000
PAID-IN CAPITAL.....\$200,000	DIRECTORS:
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 Capital stock fully paid up. \$100,000

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No better or safer investment can be found than our 7 percent gas antech ranch mortgages. Security ample and constantly increasing in value.
Mortgages in all denominations, from \$30 to \$25,000, always on hand.
Information cheerfully furnished, whether you invest or not.

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Capital	\$500,000
Surplus	75,000
Total	\$575,000

DR. WONG HIM.

THE first Chinese physician to practice his profession in this city was **DR. WONG HIM.** Has practiced here for sixteen (16) years, and his

JOHN BRYSON, Vice-President
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 Buses for above points connect at Baldwin Station with trains leaving Los Angeles. Trains arrive and depart from depot corner of Ali-o and Anderson st., Los Angeles, as follows:

LEAVE FOR	DISTINATION	ARRIVE FROM
7:55 a. m.	Monrovia	7:49 a. m.
11:10 a. m.	Monrovia	9:54 a. m.
3:10 p. m.	Monrovia	2:04 p. m.
5:10 p. m.	Monrovia	5:04 p. m.
SUNDAY ONLY.		
9:30 a. m.	Monrovia	8:40 a. m.

5:0 p. m.	Monrovia	5:45 a. m.
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Take street car or 'bu' from corner of Main and Arcadia sts., direct for depot.

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(NEW SERIES.)

An Ordinance Declaring the Intention of the
Mayor and Council of the City of Los Angeles

THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF
the City of Los Angeles do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That it is the intention of the council of the City of Los Angeles to establish the Grade of BURLINGTON AVENUE from First Street to East Street.

At the intersection of First street the grade shall be 153.80 on the southwest corner, and 156.00 on the southeast corner.

At the intersection of Ocean View avenue the grade shall be 145.00 on the northwest corner, and 143.00 on the southwest corner.

At a point in the east side of Burlington avenue opposite the northwest corner of

At the intersection of Arno street the grade shall be 123.00 on the northwest corner and at a point opposite; at the southwest corner and at a point opposite. 122.00.

At the intersection of Fourth street the grade shall be 106.00 on the northwest corner and at a point opposite; at the southwest corner and at a point opposite. 105.00.

At the intersection of Maryland street the grade shall be 76.00 on the northwest corner and at a point opposite, and 75.00 on the southwest corner.

At a point 153 feet south of the south line of Maryland street the grade shall be 73.50.

At the northeast corner of East street the grade shall be 74.00.

Sec 2. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this ordinance and shall cause the same to be published for ten days in The Los Angeles Times, and thereupon and thereafter it shall take effect and be in force.

City of Los Angeles at its meeting of March
23d, 1891. **FREEMAN G. TEED,**
City Clerk.
Approved this 28th day of MARCH, 1891.
HENRY T. HAZARD,
Mar 30 10t Mayor.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proposals

FOR THE PURCHASE OF BONDS
of the city of Los Angeles. Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to April 20th, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office in the city of Los Angeles, California, for the purchase of all or any of \$381,000, funded bonds of

Said bonds are issued for the purpose of funding an outstanding bonded indebtedness of said city amounting to \$381,000 and are issued in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of California, approved March 15th, 1883. The question of issuing said bonds having been submitted to the electors of said city at an election held for that purpose.

Said bonds will be dated May 1st, 1891, be issued in sums of \$500 each, all due within 20 years after date, or at any

time before that date at the pleasure of the city. They will bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable May 1st of each year, principal and interest payable at the office of the Treasurer of the city of Los Angeles. These bonds will be numbered consecutively, and provision has been made for the redemption of one-twentieth part of the same each year, redemption

to be made in numerical order, the lowest number to be redeemed first; 30 days notice of the fact that such bond will be redeemed being given by publication and deposit of notice in postoffice to address of holder before interest will cease. The total assessed property of the city of Los Angeles for the year 1890 was \$49,98,690, and the total debt, when these bonds are issued, will be \$921,000.

The bonds will be ready for delivery May 1st, 1891. No bid will be received for less than par and accrued interest. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Funding Bonds,"

M. D. JOHNSON,
Treasurer City of Los Angeles.

[OFFICIAL]

City Tax Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the second payment of city taxes of the City of Los Angeles, California, for the fiscal year 1890-91 are now due and payable, and will (unless paid prior thereto) become delinquent, Monday, May 4th, 1891, at 6 o'clock.

p. m., and penalty of 5 per cent will be added thereto.

I EN J. THOMPSON,
City Tax and License Collector.

Notice to Creditors.
ESTATE OF HENRY MILNOR

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the estate of Henry Milnor Mitchell, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said executor at the law office of W. S. Knott, room 100, Dow

ney Block in the city of Los Angeles county of Los Angeles, State of California, the same being the place of business of said executor in the county of Los Angeles.

Dated this 17th day of March, A. D., 1891.

ALBERT ATWATER MITCHELL,
Executor of the estate of Henry Minors Mitchell, deceased.

Notice for Publication of
Time for Pr wing Will, etc.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
State of California, county of Los Angeles.
ss. No. 14,943. In the matter of the estate
of Jacob F. Norman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Friday the 10th day of April, 1891 at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day at the courtroom of the Court, Department Two thereof, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, and State of California, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of Eli A. Norman, praying that a document now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will

and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Eliza Ann Norman, which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated March 26th, 1891.

T. H. WARD,
County Clerk.

By F. E. LOWRY, Deputy.

Annual Meeting and Election of the Los Angeles Board of Trade.

OFFICE OF THE LOS ANGELES
Board of Trade, Los Angeles Cal., March
28th, 1891. Notice is hereby given that the
annual election by the members of the Los
Angeles Board of Trade, of six directors to
hold office for one year and until their suc-
cessors are elected and qualified, will be held
on Monday, April 13th, 1891, at the rooms of
the Board 302 W. First, st. in the City of Lo-

The Annual meeting of the members of the Board will be held at 7:30 p. m. on the same date in the rooms of the Board to hear the reports of the officers for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1891, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before said meeting.

GREGORY PERKINS, Jr.,
Sec. etary.

Stockholders' Meeting.

OFFICE OF THE CALIFORNIA
Sewer Pipe Company, No 248 South

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the California Sewer Pipe Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Los Angeles, State of California, on Monday, the 6th day of April, 1891, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Stockholders' Meeting.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF
the stockholders of the Asphalt Paving Co.
will be held at the office of the company,
Room 8, Kendrick Block, corner Second and
Main streets, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Room 6, 2nd
Spring sts., Los Angeles, on Tuesday, April
14th, 1891, at 2 p.m.

HARRINGTON BROWN,
Secretary

PASADENA.

Office: No. 261-2 E. Colorado Street.

CHEAP JOHN ROBBED.

His Private Bank Relieved
of \$500.

NO CLEW TO THE THIEVES

A New System of Sewerage—Near
the Close of the Raymond Season—Brevities and
Personals.

A bold robbery occurred in town some time Saturday evening, and "Cheap John," the well-known colored proprietor of the restaurant on the alley back of the Eldridge Block, is out nearly \$500. The building where the restaurant is located is two stories high. The lower floor is occupied by the restaurant, in the rear of which is the kitchen. In the latter apartment a small room is partitioned off. This is John's private apartment. It is furnished with a few chairs and a cot, where the proprietor is accustomed to take an afternoon snooze when business is dull. Under the blanket at the head of the cot John kept a small satchel where he deposited the profits accruing from the business day by day. On Saturday the satchel contained, as near as John can figure it, \$470.

At 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon John says the satchel was in its accustomed place. A window opens from the little room on the alley. The upper sash was pulled down for ventilating purposes, the upper part of the window being covered by a movable wire screen. When John went into the apartment between 9 and 10 o'clock that night he found the screen removed and standing by the cot. The curtain was also caught back in an unusual position. This aroused his suspicions and his thoughts were at once directed to his money depository. He raised the blankets and was very much taken aback to find the satchel missing. A search was made of the premises but the missing money was not discovered, nor any trace of it. John then notified the police and Marshal McLean and his assistants are keeping a sharp lookout for the guilty parties, but as yet no clew has been discovered. John thinks the robber entered by the window, but of this he is not sure. He says no one about the house knew where he kept his funds, and no stranger or outsider entered his apartment through the kitchen to his knowledge. The sun stolen represents the savings of months back and the loss falls heavily upon him. The affair so far shrouded in mystery, but there is a chance of its soon being cleared up.

DO AWAY WITH CESSPOOLS.

How the Stanton Mansion Will Be
Drained.

That our present sewerage system is defective no one will dispute. When, therefore, some enterprising man adopts a new method of disposing of his sewage, the matter is deserving of note. This is what O. W. Stanton is doing at his splendid residence now nearing completion on Grace Hill.

For full information The Times reporter called on ex-City Engineer Mayer, who has made a special study of the matter of sewerage, and who is thoroughly posted. After treating of the dangers from cesspools and the importance of perfect drainage, Mr. Mayer kindly furnished the following facts relating to the sewerage system adopted by Mr. Stanton:

The way in which sewage can be made entirely harmless (and it is, indeed, the only absolutely reliable method) is by intermittent filtration through porous soil, as is done on a large scale in well-managed sewage farms in England and on the continent. The chief point in intermittent filtration (irrigation) is the intermission of the process of irrigation; i. e., the soil, devoted to the disposal of sewage, is irrigated say once or twice a day. When applied, the sewage will rapidly seep into the ground; part of it, however, will evaporate, and some of it will be taken up by the vegetation. After the sewage has soaked away, the air will enter the soil, and it, in connection with the sun (heat and light) and the (to us harmless) sewage-decomposing microbes, living in myriads in the earth near its surface (especially in porous soil) will free the soil of the vegetable matter brought to it, which would be apt to clog it up and make it unfit for further operation.

But on account of the intermission in irrigation the ground is always kept open and in wholesome condition. Nay, moderate sewage irrigation will increase the purifying capacity of porous soil, as the fifth-decomposing bacteria increase rapidly by the intermittent application of sewage. A piece of sandy ground 40x50 feet is sufficient for the disposal of house-sewage of six persons, as the soil becomes heavier more land is needed. It is understood, of course, that the ground thus irrigated, may be advantageously used for the raising of vegetables, berries, alfalfa, or anything that needs constant attention in the way of irrigation. If the method described hereafter will be employed, no sewage will come in direct contact with any plants. In fact no sewage can be noticed on the surface of the ground.

The following is a general sketch of what will be done at the Stanton mansion:

All the liquid waste from the house (water-closets, bath-rooms, kitchen-sinks, slop-hoppers,) and stable and wash-kitchen, is collected in one drain and then led into the first cistern. This is provided with a 4-inch partition, over which the water flows at a depth of about two feet. Its contents will be quickly forced into the tiles by the siphon apparatus. The cistern fills then gradually up again, and when the depth of two feet has been reached the siphon will empty the tank again in less than a minute into the tiles, and so it will go on. No attention needs be given to the siphon, as it operates automatically and cannot get out of order, and as it will almost last forever. The cisterns are made perfectly water-tight by Portland cement plaster and neat cement slush, white-washed over the plaster when hard but yet moist. No lime whatever must be used in the construction of the tanks. They are supplied with strong redwood covers, which are best

covered with a foot of soil to make them moderately airtight. The cisterns are ventilated by an airshaft, built of six-inch sewerpipe and led to the top of the roof of the stable; no cap is placed on the top of this vent. The tiles of the irrigation field are laid with open joints of one-fourth inch; joints covered with slabs to prevent the earth from falling into tiles, and the tiles are placed, moderately inclined, on redwood strips about fifteen inches underground. Four rows of tiles, each 200 feet long, take up the sewage. These may be placed twenty feet apart, or more. The ground may be devoted to the culture of alfalfa, blackberries, raspberries or strawberries, which will undoubtedly yield excellent crops. Thus, the sewage will not only be successfully done away with, but will be put to good use. Not the slightest apprehension need be felt as to evil results on account of the irrigation. It is, indeed, an excellent thing for houses where there is no public sewer, and where enough suitable ground for the disposal of the house-sewage is available. Many a house-owner can quickly solve his own sewerage question and make even money by it. For this country especially it ought to be an excellent thing. It needs but little ground. The entire arrangement costs less than \$150, and is a very satisfactory method of settling the troublesome cesspool question.

THE RAYMOND.

Nearing the Close of a Prosperous
Season.

The Raymond is nearing the close of a prosperous season. On the 20th of this month the house will close, to the regret of many of the guests who would like much to further prolong their stay. At present there are nearly two hundred guests at the house.

Among yesterday's arrivals were: W. H. Starbuck, wife, children and maid; New York; A. T. Hill, Delath; H. B. Sherman, A. Palmer, Pasadena; E. A. Marcher, J. Sehanth, C. E. Smith, E. J. Morris, Los Angeles; Miss W. B. Maney, Miss Alice Maney, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. J. A. McCann, Chelsea, Mass.; B. F. Ray and wife, Chicago.

Saturday evening an impromptu German was danced. The affair proved very enjoyable to those who participated, about twenty couples in all.

Yesterday afternoon the orchestra rendered the following programme: March, "Tannhauser," (Wagner.) Overture, "Morning, Noon and Night in Vienna," (Suppe.)

The programme for the week's amusements is: Tonight, informal hop; tomorrow night, progressive hearts; Wednesday, bowling; Thursday, progressive six-handed euchre; Friday, a quiet evening; Saturday, full-dress hop.

Henry Merrill expects to leave for the East on Friday, to the regret of his many friends. He will be greatly missed at the hotel, where his uniform courtesy and social qualifications generally have made him deservedly popular among all who know him.

BREVITIES.

The Terminal road did a big business yesterday. Company B will hold a regular weekly drill tonight.

The Mikado will be presented at the Opera House by local talent on Thursday and Friday evenings.

C. A. Scharf left yesterday morning for San Francisco, where he will assume a position on the harbor commission.

Mrs. Stetson will speak tomorrow and Friday evenings in San Francisco for the benefit of the Woman's Press Association.

John F. Godfrey Post, G. A. R., will hold interesting exercises tonight in the Methodist Tabernacle in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the organization.

Indian baskets and curios at 10 per cent discount at the Woman's Exchange, 125 East Fourth street.

Bibbets and curios; Near novelties a specialty. Hantford's Art and Curio Bazaar, 108 S. Fair Oaks Ave., near Raymond Station, Pasadena.

SABERS

SAN GABRIEL VALLEY BANK—
PASADENA, CAL.Capital Paid up.....\$50,000
Surplus.....11,847

DIRECTORS:

HOW, R. H. MARKHAM, HON. L. J. ROSE,
J. M. HUGHES, Pres., F. C. HOLZ, Vice-Pres.,
J. M. HUGHES, Sec., W. L. HUGHES, Cashier.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Time deposits received and 5 per cent interest paid.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

President, F. M. GREEN,
Vice-President, E. F. HALL,
Cashier, A. H. CONGER,
Asst. Cashier, ERNEST H. MAY.Capital paid up.....\$100,000
Surplus.....90,000

A General Banking Business Transacted.

PASADENA NATIONAL BANK.

Capital Paid up.....\$100,000
Profits.....9,000J. W. HELLMAN, President,
R. E. SPENCE, Vice-President,
E. F. LUKENS, Cashier,
E. E. JONES, Assistant Cashier.

Agency for Los Angeles Savings Bank and Savings Bank of Southern California.

WILLIAM E. STAATS.

INVESTMENT BANKER AND BROKER.
Money to Loan. Insurance Effectuated.
Collections Made.
128 E. RAYMOND AVENUE.McDONALD & BROOKS, SUCCESSORS
to McDonald, Stewart & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.Negotiate loans, rent houses, manage properties, make collections, pay taxes, etc.
References: backs of business men of the city.
NO. 7 E. COLORADO ST.

H. F. PITCHER, M. D.

Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Lungs
Specially.Ref: Drs. V. T. Bowditch, R. W. Knight,
Chas. F. Pearson, Fred L. Knight, Messrs. Raymond
and Whitcomb, Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE!

TAILORS TAKE NOTICE! My entire stock
No competition. The best tailoring business in
the city. Call on or address KELSÖ & Co.
Tailors, Pasadena, Cal.\$10 REWARD—STRAYED FROM
THE HANDS OF THE RAYMOND11 months' old, very dark brown fox, black head
with white star, both hind feet and tail ends white,
heavily built, long rough coat, hair down eyes,
and thick short mane and tail. Return to the
owner at address Campbell - Johnson, Box,
PASADENA.

MRS. BASCOM-NURSE HAS MOVED

to 13 S. Delacy st, where she may be found
hereafter.

Judgement

should be displayed in buying medicine above all things. In selecting a remedy for any disease, you should be positive that it contains nothing injurious to the health. Many remedies on the market leave the patient in a much worse condition, than before taking them.

S. S. S.

is purely vegetable, and perfectly harmless; the most delicate child can take it with absolute safety. It contains no mercury or minerals of any kind, and yet it never fails to cure the diseases it is recommended for.
Book on Blood and Skin diseases free.
Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Health is Wealth.



Dr. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Tinnitus, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death. Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Seminal Emission caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse, or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. \$1.00 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by
H. M. SALE & SON, Druggists,
SOLE AGENTS,
230 S. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Adler's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities: nothing like them on the market. Never fails. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN! Don't be humbugged. Have Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address secure by mail on receipt of price, \$2.00. Address,
THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,
H. M. SALE & SON, 230 South Spring Street,
OFF. & VAUGHN, Cor. Spring and Fourth Streets.

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The Gem of the San Gabriel Valley.

ONLY Three Miles from City

Limits of Los Angeles

PROPERTY of San Gabriel
Wine Co., Original Owners.LOCATED at Sherb's Station,
on Line of S. P. R. R. and
San Gabriel Valley Rapid
Transit Railroad.FROM 10 to 15 Minutes to the
Plaza, Los Angeles City.CHEAPEST Suburban Town
Lots, Villa Sites or Acre-
age Property.

POPULAR Terms.

Purest Spring Water.
Guaranteed.Apply at office of—
SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,
Ramona, Los Angeles Co., Cal.
Or to M. D. WILLIAMS, Ramona.

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—DEALER IN—
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods and Curios305 N. MAIN ST.
Manufactures Gent's Shirts and Ladies
Underwear. Orders filled promptly.HOTEL SAN GABRIEL, East
San Gabriel

OPEN ALL SUMMER.

Twenty-five Minutes' Ride from Los Angeles.

Most Elegant Family Hotel in Southern California.

SPECIAL rates for families and those having to remain during the summer. Trains
leave Los Angeles on S. P. R. R. at 9:15 a.m., 3:50, 5:10 and 5:40 p.m.
Leave San Gabriel at 8:05, 9:45 a.m., and 3:30 and 9:10 p.m.

Good Livory. Beautiful Drives.

H. R. WARNER, Manager.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

MARX'S
Yerba Santa Leaf Remedy
FORConsumption,
Bronchitis,
Asthma,
Catarrh,
Coughs,
Colds,
And all dis-
eases of the
Throat.(Trade Mark)
It is in all the Good Drug Stores.

Try its merits and be convinced.

J. MARX & CO., Sole Proprietors and Mfrs.,
431 SOUTH SPRING STREET,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.
F. W. BRAUN & CO., Wholesale Agents.

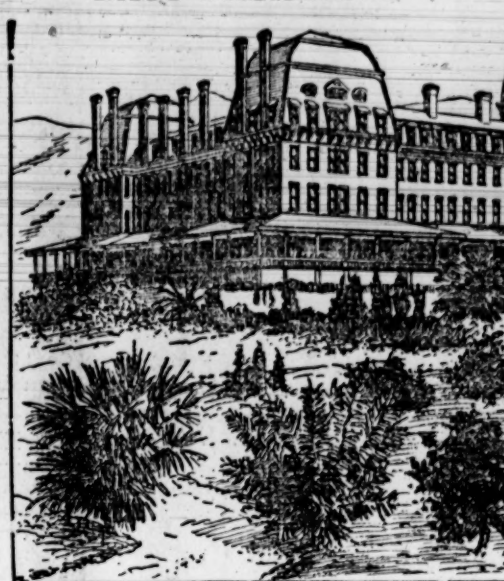
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328 SOUTH SPRING ST.,
MILLINERY IMPORTER
And dealer in all the latest Novelties of
LADIES' HEADWEAR. Special attention
given to MANICURING and SHAMPOO-
ING. Also agent for Miss Beach's Curl-
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THE W. H. PERRY

Lumber and Manufacturing Company's
Lumber Yard and Planing Mills,
COMMERCIAL ST. LOS ANGELES.

THE TOURIST'S HOTEL.

THE RAYMOND,
EAST PASADENA.

Under management of Mr. C. H. Merrill of the Crawford House, White Mountain, N. H., who has been manager of the Raymond for four seasons. Many improvements have been made, and the hotel is now complete. Excellent railroad facilities between Los Angeles and the Raymond bring it within easy reach. Persons doing business in Los Angeles can readily reside at the Hotel. A fully equipped livery, a good starting point for a drive through the San Gabriel Valley, in which are the San Gabriel Mission Church, Rose's and Shorb's wineries, Lucky Baldwin's elegant grounds and stock farm, the Sierra Madre Villa, and other places of interest. Special entertainments frequently. Full particulars regarding terms of board, etc., can be obtained of the manager.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast

Cocoa

from which the excess of
oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure
and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has
more than three times the strength of
Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot
or Sugar, and is therefore far more
economical, costing less than one cent
a cup. It is delicious, nourishing,
strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED,
and admirably adapted for invalids
as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

ASTBURY PHONETIC INSTITUTE.

PHILLIPS BLOCK,
Corner N. Spring and Franklin sts.; Parlors,
40, 41 and 42. Take elevator.The only thorough Short
hand and Typewriting
School in the city, where the
Art is taught by competent
and experienced lady teach-
ers. Shortest system. Send
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PUREST ON EARTH.

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Cash Commission Merchant.Origin and Western Creamery Butter and
Cheese, Ranch and State Eggs and Pure Lard.
Land. Will receive or handle only the best
goods. Advances on car lots on truck, ware-
house or in store at bank rates. Office and
store, 128 and 130 Sixteenth st., Denver, Col.

HOTEL PALOMARES,

Pomona, Cal.

(60 Minutes' Ride From Los Angeles, Cal.)

A pleasant quiet house of 130 Sunny Rooms. Pure
water from Artesian Wells, Open Fires, Gas, Electric
Bells, Telegraph and Telephone connections. A good
Livery connected with the House.

CHAS. J. HUNT, Mang'r.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The Coronado Foundry and Machine Company would like to make it generally
known that they will furnish estimates on any and all kinds of Iron Work, Archi-
tecture Iron Bridges, Mill, Mining, Pumping and Hoisting Machinery, manufacturers of
Engines, Boilers and Tanks. Correspondence solicited. Address,
CORONADO FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO.,
Coronado, San Diego Co., Cal.
M. R. VANDERKLOOT, Gen. Mang'r.

A. VANDERKLOOT, President.

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LAZARUS & MELZER, wholesale and retail, 111
N. Spring st. Telephone 58.Iron Works.
BAKER IRON WORKS, 542-564 Buena Vista.Lumber.
KERCKHOFF-CUZZER MILL AND LUMBER
CO., wholesale and retail lumber dealers.
Office, Cor. Alameda and Macy sts.

Educational.

ELOCUATION AND PHYSICAL CUL-
ture. Miss Gertrude Edgerman, pupil of Mrs.
Francis H. Edgerman and Mrs. Allie Langstaff of
San Francisco, is prepared to teach aesthetic
culture, elocution and physical culture, and
philosophy. For terms and further information,
apply to Miss Gertrude Edgerman, 111
N. Spring st., at No. 154 Jefferson st.LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE:
Experienced teachers; complete course of study.
E. S. BRADLEY, L. N. IN-KEEP, F. W. KEL-
SEY, Proprietors, 144 S. Main st.MRS. MARKE WILL OPEN A PIRI-
vate school for children on Monday next at
104 S. JYRON ST., 2 blocks west of Temple
church; terms on application; piano forte taught.
WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Experienced teachers; complete course of study.
Ing 245 S. Spring st. Open all the year. No
vacations.L. A. SCHOOL OF ART AND DESIGN,
Incorporated. Cor. Spring and Third
streets. Taught LONGLEY INSTITUTE, Wilson Bldg.D. L. FABALA, FROM THE FAC-
ties of Madrid and Paris, Telephone 993.
Office and residence, 511 N. Main st.PURE & RICH SUCCESSFULLY
taught by well-known teacher. FOSTERFLICK
BOX 1914.

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DR. L. W. WELLS, COR. OF SPRING
and First sts., Wilson Block; take elevator.
Teeth filled painlessly; gold crown and bridge
work a specialty; teeth extracted without pain.
Room 36.DR. C. STEVENS & SONS, 107 NORTH
Spring st., room 18; teeth filled and extracted
painlessly by electricity; teeth, \$5 to \$10; crowns,
\$5; dentures, \$2 to \$4. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.ADAMS BROS. DENTISTS, REMOVED
to 208 N. Main, Opp. Temple Block. Painless
filling and extracting. Crowns, \$5 up. Best
teeth, \$5 to \$10. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.DR. TOLHURST, DENTIST, 108 N. N.
Spring st., rooms 2, 6, 7. Painless extracting.R. G. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST, 31 N.
Spring st., rooms 1 and 2, Phillips Block.

Specialists.

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tric baths. MR. DR. C. ANDERSON,
115 1/2 S. Broadway, Office 1-2.DR. C. EDGAR SMITH—DISEASES
of women a specialty; recent diseases treated
by the Hrynkeff method; gynecological system. Office, cor.
Main and Seventh sts., Roberts Block; Tel. 1331.

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A. S. SHORE, M.D., HOMOEOPATHIST.
Office, 232 N. Main st., Mascart Block; Tel. 1331.
Office hours, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m.
to 12 m.; 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone No. 82.DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, 131 NORTH
Spring st., (Phillips Block); general, family
and obstetric practice. Telephone 434. Day
and night.DOROTHEA LUMMIS, M. D. OFFICE
and residence, 503 Broadway. Tel. 650.

Physicians.

DR. J. ADAMS, PHYSICIAN AND
surgeon. In charge of medical and surgical
department. Chronic diseases a specialty. Special
attention given to the treatment of all female
diseases, both medical and surgical. Office hours:
10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 4 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m.
to 12 m. Office, 220 N. Main st., opposite the St.
Elizabeth Hotel, Pasadena, 1912 S. Main st.G. W. BURLEIGH, M. D., PHYSICIAN
& surgeon. Office and residence, 219
Broadway, Potomac Block. Special attention
given to diseases of women; also dyspepsia and all
long-standing diseases of the stomach and bowels.DR. HUGHES, FORMER RESIDENT
surgeon to the New York Hospital, spec-
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